



D2M SOLUTIONS



stratasys

## **WEBINAR**

# ***How 3D Printing is leveraged in Greece at the National Technical University of Athens***

Presented by:

**Dr. Stamatios Polydoras**, PhD, Mechanical Engineer

Co-presenters:

**Dr. Dimitrios Tzeranis**, PhD, Mechanical Engineer

**Mr. George Zogopoulos**, Electrical Engineer, PhD Cand.

**Mr. George Vasileiou**, Mechanical Engineer, PhD Cand.

# *Webinar Layout*

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- ◉ Brief intro about NTUA, School of ME & RP&T Lab
- ◉ FDM Cases of the Rapid Prototyping & Tooling Laboratory
- ◉ FDM Cases of the Vehicles Laboratory
- ◉ FDM Cases of the CS Lab / Team of Prof. Papadopoulos
- ◉ FDM Cases of the CS Lab/ Team of Prof. Kyriakopoulos
- ◉ FDM Cases of the Systems Bioengineering Lab
- ◉ FDM Cases of the Machine Design Lab
- ◉ Discussion, conclusions & suggestions
- ◉ Q & A



# NTUA & School of ME

## Brief History



NTUA's Historic Building, Patission Str.



NTUA's Modern Campus, at Zografou

- NTUA was founded in 1837, originally under the name ***Polytechnic School***
- In 1887, faculties for Civil Engineers, ***Machinists*** and Foremen were introduced
- In 1914 the School was renamed to ***National Technical University of Athens***, including the faculty of Mechanical Engineering, within the Highest Department of Mechanical and Electrical Engineering
- In 1975, the Department of Mechanical and Electrical Engineering were separated into two independent departments

NTUA is Greece's **oldest** and **most prestigious** technically oriented academic institution, having constantly contributed to the country's reconstruction, industrial and economic development and growth for over 170 years.



# Rapid Prototyping & Tooling Laboratory, School of ME



LOM 1015 (1996)



uPrint (2010)



FDM 360mc Small (2015)

- **RP&T Lab**, was established in 1996 and was officially declared a NTUA Laboratory within the School of ME in 2001.
- Has introduced the technology of Rapid Prototyping/ 3D Printing to NTUA's School of ME and has been operating Additive Manufacturing equipment of LOM and FDM technologies (it's own uPrint & the Department's Fortus 360mc)
- Also equipped with state of the art 3D CAD/CAE/RE & RP-supportive software and RE/ Industrial Metrology equipment
- Offers education, laboratory exercise and 3D Printing support of all types to the School's Students and has successfully conducted several RP-involving research projects in strictly mechanical, as well as other fields



# Rapid Prototyping & Tooling Laboratory

Head: Professor C.Provatidis

## Cases

Industrial Design – Modular Furniture

Product Concept – Parcel Delivery Station

Cultural Heritage – Archeological Artefacts

Paleontology – Skeletal Reconstructions

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Cases presented by:

Dr. Stamatios N. Polydoras

PhD, Dipl. Mechanical Engineer

Laboratory Teaching Staff, School of ME

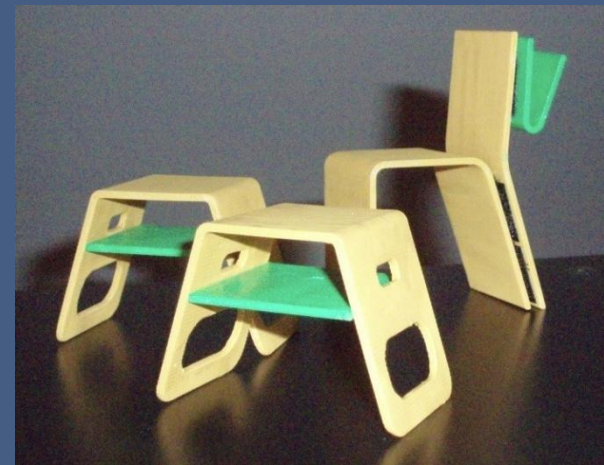
Rapid Prototyping & Tooling Laboratory

# RP&T Lab, Case 1: Modular/versatile furniture

Application Type: Industrial Design Models, Proof of Concept prototypes, Communication/Presentation media

Made for : Student Diploma Thesis

Made with: Stratasys uPrint



- ✓ Very fast & cost-effective prototyping of 1:10 scaled-down furniture modules
- ✓ Built in ABS P430 material
- ✓ Time 5h 50min, Model & Support Materials: 57.5ml, minimal post processing required
- ✓ Models durable enough and suitable for gluing and painting
- ✓ Excellent verification of intended modular design architecture
- ✓ Were used in conjunction with actual Barbie dolls for exhibition purposes
- ✓ Served perfectly for the presentation of the student's diploma thesis to the examining committee

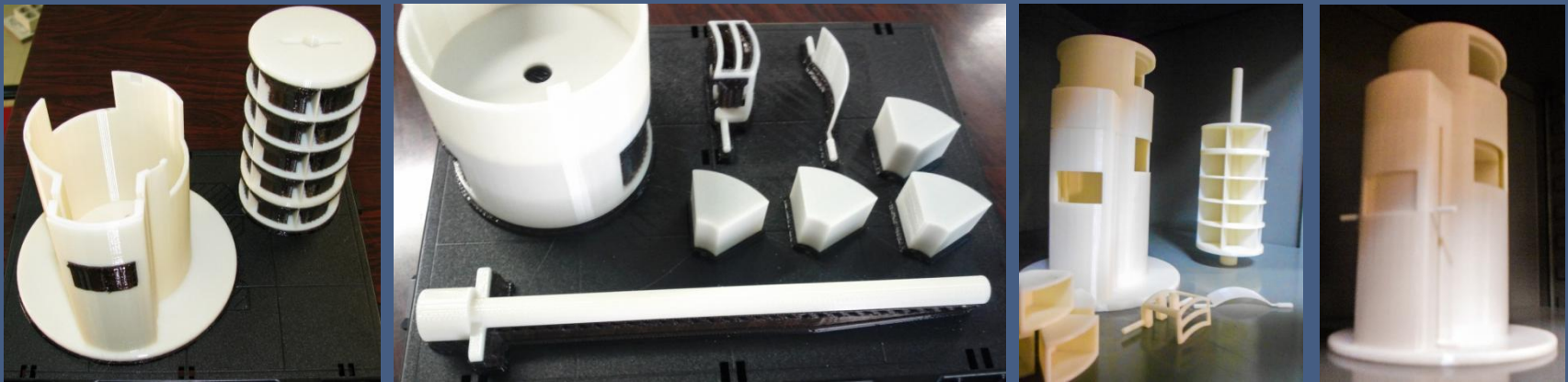


# RP&T Lab, Case 2: Parcel Delivery Station

Application Type: Proof of Concept prototypes,  
communication/presentation media, kinematic assembly

Made for : Students' Project for the course of "Innovative Design"

Made with: Stratasys uPrint



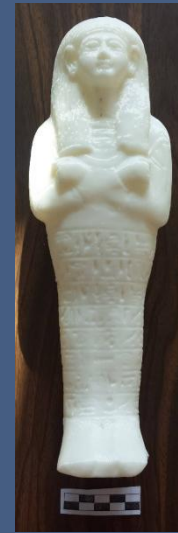
- ✓ Many different parts, some out of the machine's maximum dimensions / CAD-level splitting required
- ✓ Parts were built in ABS P430 material in two builds. Appropriate clearances applied for later assembly and kinematic operation
- ✓ Total Time 27,5 hours (2 builds), Model & Support Materials: 406ml, post processing required
- ✓ Models accurate enough to be assembled and manually moved (rotated-slid-inserted) to demonstrate the proposed machine's operating principle
- ✓ Excellent understanding of the design intent with the prototype
- ✓ Served perfectly for the presentation of the students' work during the project

# RP&T Lab, Case 3: Archaeological Artefacts

Application Type: Originals' Reproduction, Digital Documentation,  
Assistance for disabled people (esp. visually impaired)

Made for : Feasibility Testing/ Collaboration with Greek Archeological  
Museums & Institutions

Made with: Stratasys uPrint & Fortus 360mc



- ✓ Non-contact Reverse Engineering Method (Laser Scanning) has been applied to the originals at a prior stage, to produce raw data for digital model preparation
- ✓ RE exploiting re-modelling software was used to produce STL files for 3D Printing
- ✓ Despite the 0,254mm layer thickness (standard for uPrint and T16 tip-related for the Fortus), all artefacts were produced with acceptable quality
- ✓ The ABS material (P430 and M30) is compatible and well suited for many post processing operations (e.g. smoothing, sanding, painting, plating, aging) to improve the replicas' visual properties and aesthetics.
- ✓ All artefacts were reproduced with acceptable time and material consumption, especially the Egyptian one, where Insight SW offered more control for the interior.

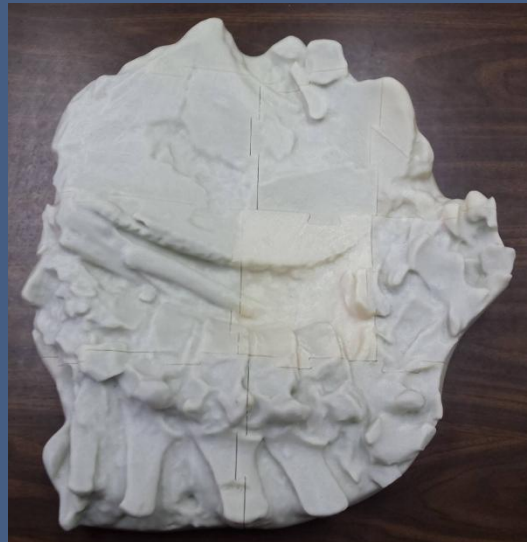
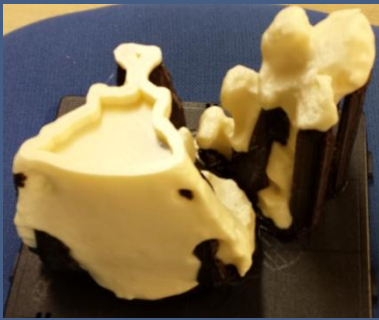


# RP&T Lab, Case 4a: *E. tiliensis* skeletal elements

Application Type: Paleontology, Original Research,  
Reproduction/Reconstruction of extinct elephant's skeleton

Made For : Thales - MIS380135 NSRF 2007-2013 EU-funded Research Project

Made with: Stratasys uPrint & Fortus 360mc



# RP&T Lab, Case 4b: *E. tiliensis* skeletal elements

Application Type: Paleontology, Original research,  
Reproduction/Reconstruction of extinct elephant's skeleton

Made For : Thales - MIS380135 NSRF 2007-2013 EU-funded Research Project

Made with: Stratasys uPrint & Fortus 360mc



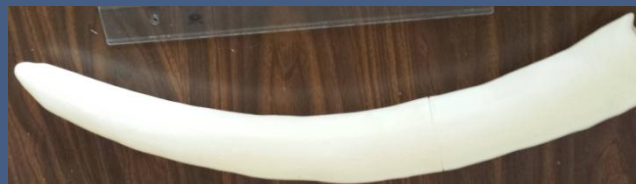


# RP&T Lab, Case 4c: *E. tiliensis* skeletal elements

Application Type: Paleontology, Original research,  
Reproduction/Reconstruction of extinct elephant's skeleton

Made For : Thales - MIS380135 NSRF 2007-2013 EU-funded Research Project

Made with: Stratasys uPrint & Fortus 360mc



# RP&T Lab, Case 4d: E. tiliensis skeletal elements

Application Type: Paleontology, Original research,  
Reproduction/Reconstruction of extinct elephant's skeleton

Made For : Thales - MIS380135 NSRF 2007-2013 EU-funded Research Project

Made with: Stratasys uPrint & Fortus 360mc



- ✓ CT & Laser Scanning employed into original fossils for raw data collection
- ✓ Allometry & other statistical methods produced the dimensions of a typical elephant
- ✓ CAD models prepared with the above data, STL files prepared, split and packed for building in all of the Lab's available machines
- ✓ Proper clearance applied - when needed - for proper fitting and assembling
- ✓ Maximum economy pursued both for time and material consumption (Sparse fills)
- ✓ Total: 35 builds, 448 h, 5660ml @ uPrint / 35 builds, 575 h, 14200ml material @ Fortus
- ✓ Accurate fit, easy montage (sliding, gluing, drilling, screwing) of all different parts
- ✓ Excellent results, a true breakthrough for the paleontological community internationally



# Vehicles Laboratory

A.Professor D. Koulocheris

## Cases

Concept Realization – New Bicycle Frame

Functional Prototyping – Open Wheeler Race Car Air Intake

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Cases presented by:

Dr. Stamatios N. Polydoras

PhD, Dipl. Mechanical Engineer

Laboratory Teaching Staff, School of ME

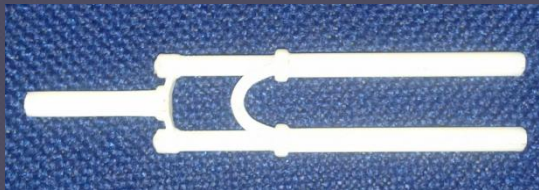


# Vehicles Lab, Case 1: Bike Frame & Fork

Application Type: Geometrical Prototype for Design Verification,  
Communication/Presentation media

Made For : Student's Diploma Thesis presentation

Made with: Stratasys uPrint



- ✓ Demand for high speed – minimum cost prototyping
- ✓ Scaled prototype – had to keep proper dimensional analogies => Thin parts
- ✓ Fork and main frame had to fit together => Appropriate clearance in CAD level
- ✓ All above goals achieved, Build time: 1 h, Tot.Mater.Volume: 14 ml
- ✓ Some deformations of the very small form features (<4mm) observed
- ✓ Very illustrative display of the new design of the bike frame

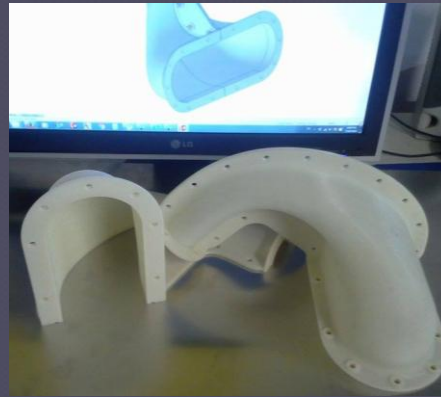
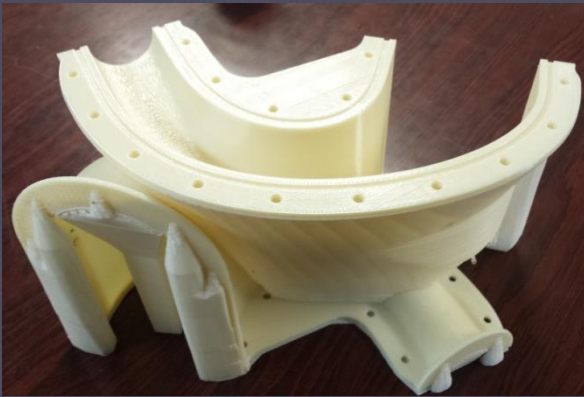


# Vehicles Lab, Case 2a: Full Engine Intake Assembly

Application Type: Directly Functional Components, Analysis - Testing  
- Design Iteration Cycle

Made For : NTUA's PROM Racing Team, competing in Formula Student Contest

Made with: Stratasys Fortus 360mc



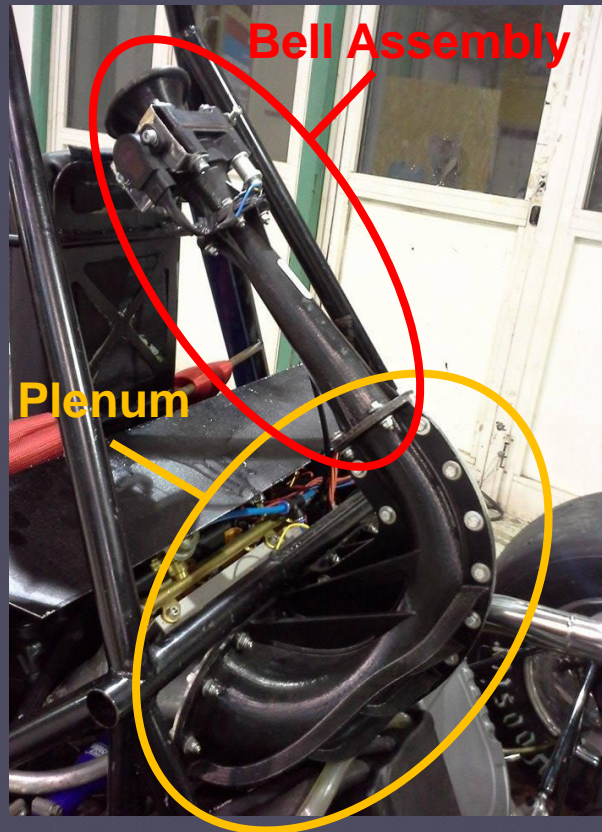


# Vehicles Lab, Case 2b: Full Engine Intake Assembly

Application Type: Directly Functional Components, Analysis - Testing  
- Design Iteration Cycle

Made For : NTUA's PROM Racing Team, competing in Formula Student Contest

Made with: Stratasys Fortus 360mc



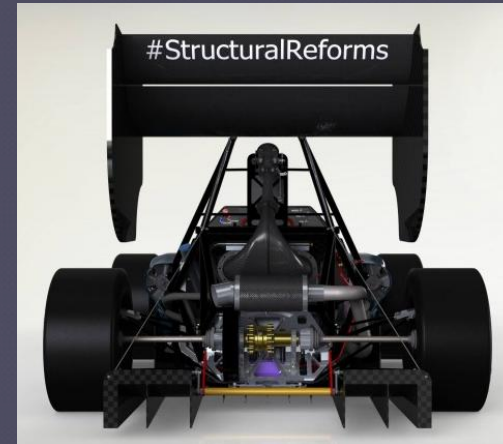


# Vehicles Lab, Case 2c: Full Engine Intake Assembly

## Application Type: Directly Functional Components, Analysis - Testing - Design Iteration Cycle

Made For : NTUA's PROM Racing Team, competing in Formula Student Contest

Made with: Stratasys Fortus 360mc



- ✓ Excellent ability for the team to test and validate the FEA-estimated air flow performance of the complete engine air intake system
- ✓ ABS M30 material proved strong enough and adequate to serve as final material for the air intake components, since the application was not thermally demanding
- ✓ Components had to be wet-sanded and spray-painted (acrylic paint) though, to improve the surface quality of their active flow surfaces
- ✓ The FDM-built components were well combined with flange materials and standard fasteners in the final assembly working on the car
- ✓ A design iteration cycle was needed and well performed for the plenum, since due to layered manufacturing it proved to deform more than estimated in FEA
- ✓ No of Builds: 3, Total Mater. Consumption: 1780 ml, Total. Build Time: 75 hours

# Control Systems Laboratory

Team of Professor E. Papadopoulos

## Cases

Bionic Prosthetics – InMoov Bionic Hand

Space Robots – Zero-gravity maneuvering controls testing

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Cases presented by:

Dr. Stamatios N. Polydoras

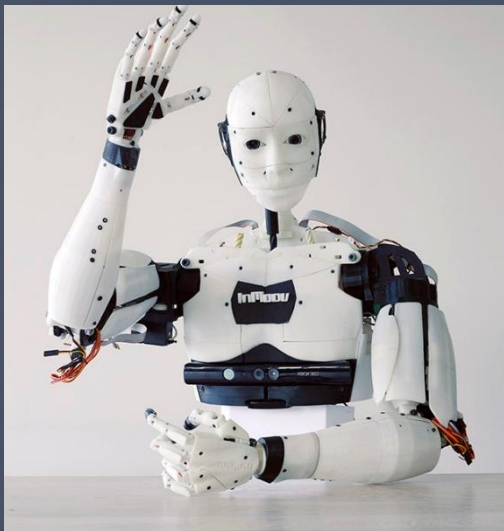
PhD, Dipl. Mechanical Engineer

Laboratory Teaching Staff, School of ME



# CSL Lab, Team of Prof. E. Papadopoulos, Case 1a: InMoov's Hand (uPrint SE)

- Cost ~380 €
- Material Consumption
  - Model: 586,08 cm<sup>3</sup>
  - Support: 197,12 cm<sup>3</sup>



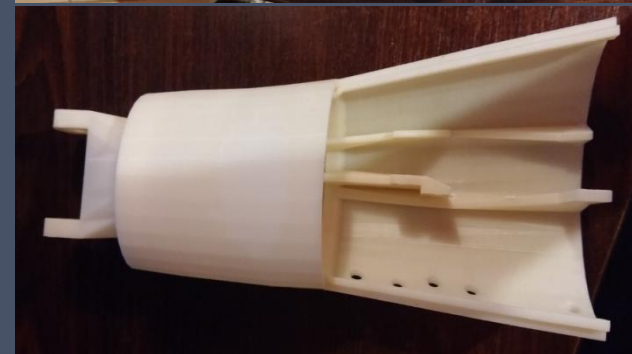
# CSL Lab, Team of Prof. E. Papadopoulos, Case 1b: InMoov's Hand (uPrint SE)

## ● Pros

- High quality 3D printing
- Recyclable (support can be used as glue for ABS, with the addition of pure acetone)

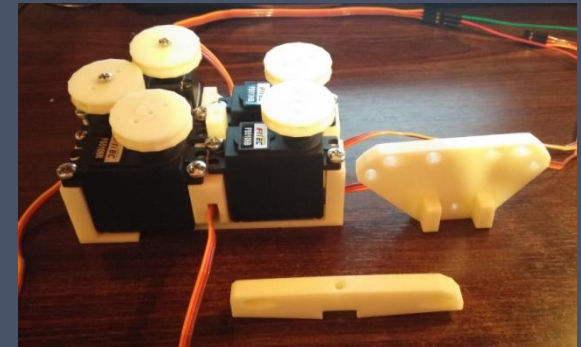
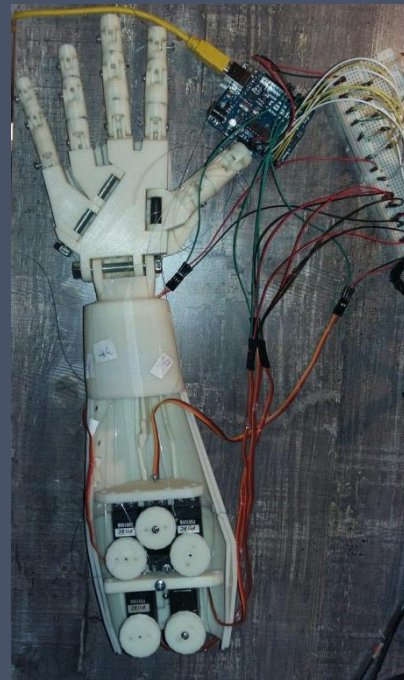
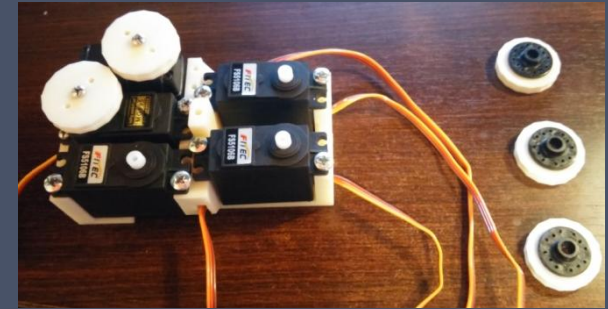
## ● Cons

- High cost
- Prolonged 3D printing



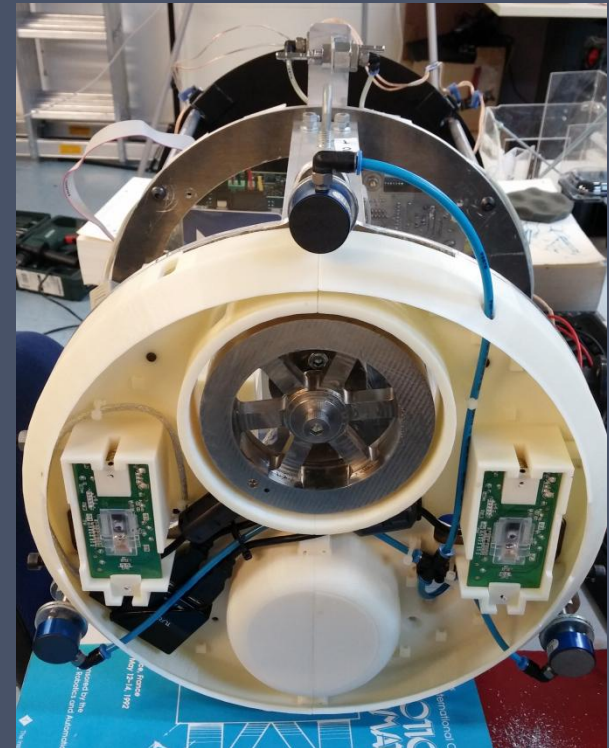
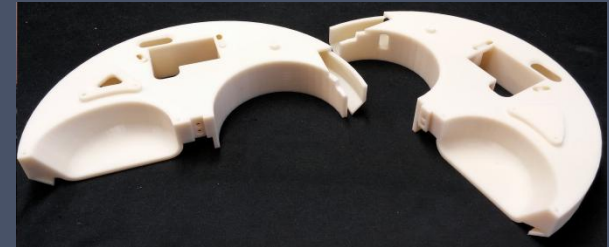


# CSL Lab, Team of Prof. E. Papadopoulos, Case 1c: InMoov's Hand (Details)



# CSL Lab, Team of Prof. E. Papadopoulos, Case 2a: Space Robot Base (Fortus 360)

- Rigid robot base to host
  - optical sensors
  - reaction wheel
- Requirements
  - Low weight
  - Accuracy on sensor placement
  - Easy adjustment of sensor clearance from table





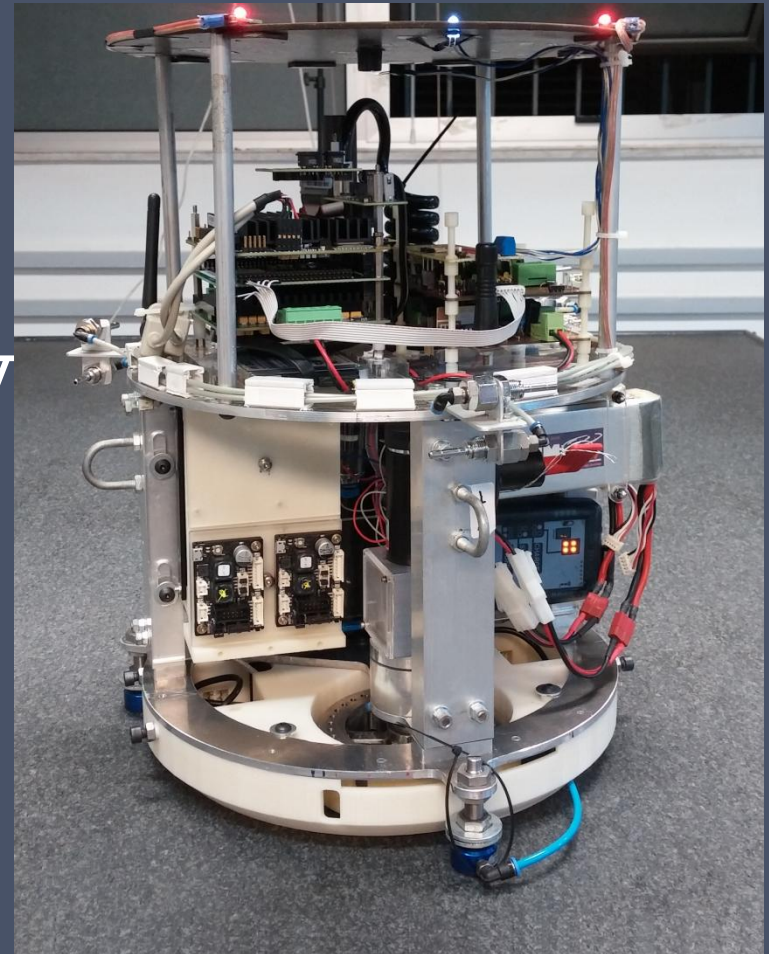
# CSL Lab, Team of Prof. E. Papadopoulos, Case 2: Space Robot Base (Fortus 360)

## ⦿ Pros

- High quality 3D printing
- Durable
- Developed as one piece
- Sensors position accuracy

## ⦿ Cons

- High cost
- Prolonged 3D printing



# Control Systems Laboratory

Team of Professor K. Kyriakopoulos

## Cases

FDM 3D Printing for prototype components

FDM 3D Printing enabling student creativity – OpenBionics Project

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Cases presented by:

Mr. George Zogopoulos-Papaliakos  
PhD Cand., Dipl. Electrical Engineer



# Lab Intro – Activities in Robotics

## Unmanned Underwater Vehicles



## Neurorobotics



## Mobile Robots



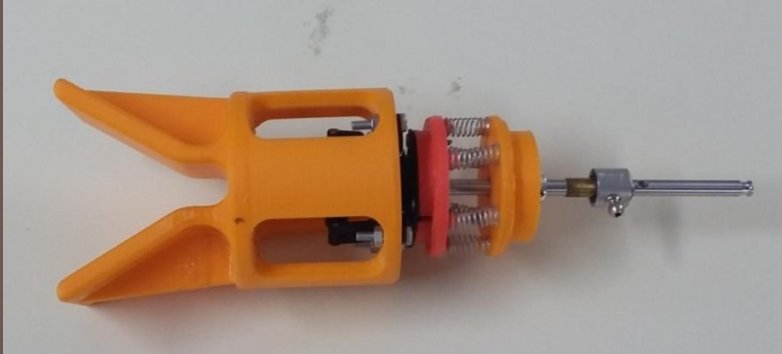
## Unmanned Aerial Vehicles



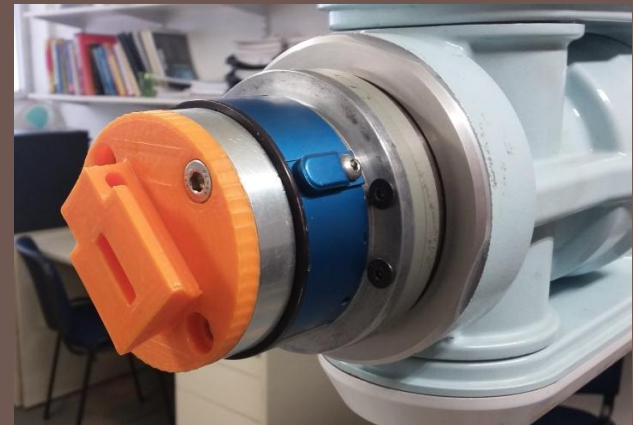
# 3D Printing as a Prototyping Tool

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Compliant UGV gripper



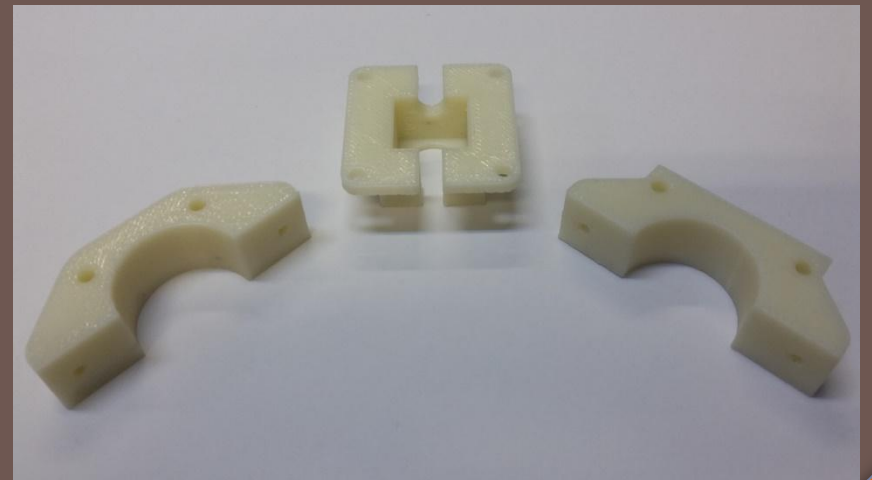
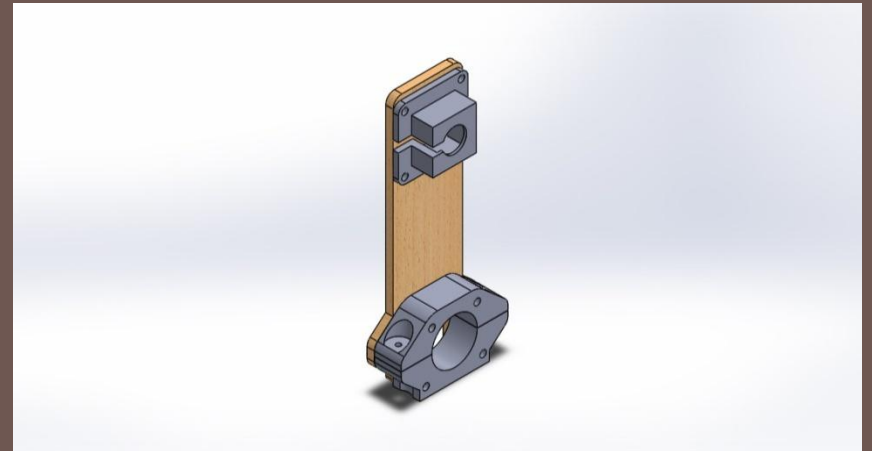
Multi-purpose flange





# 3D Printing as a Prototyping Tool

Airdata Calibrator – Various structural parts



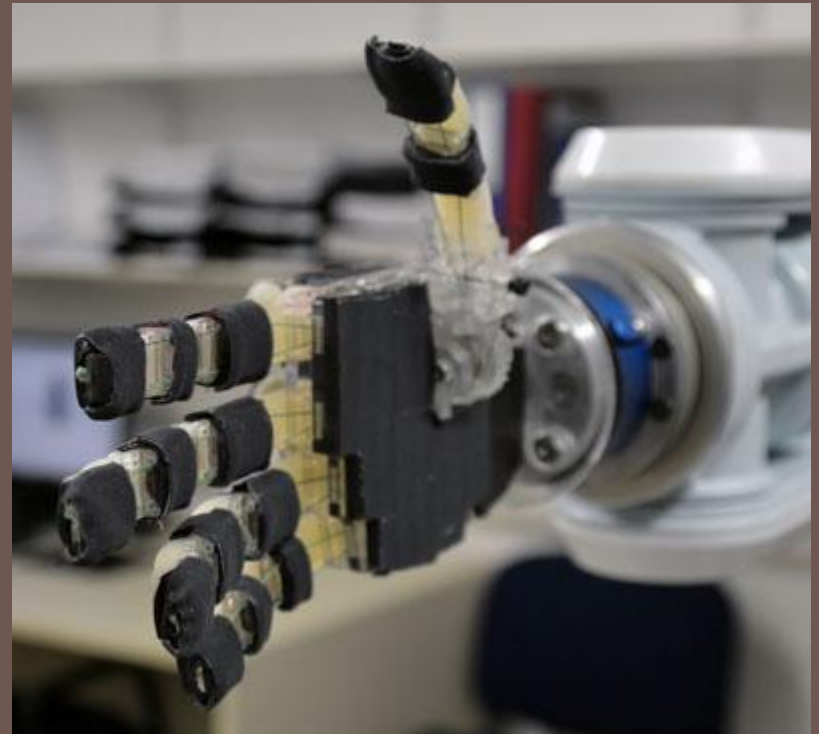
# 3D Printing as an Enabling Technology

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## The OpenBionics project

*OpenBionics* is a spinoff project from our lab, whose main focus is the design of **low cost prosthetic and robotic hands**

This was possible thanks to rapid prototyping technologies and inexpensive materials





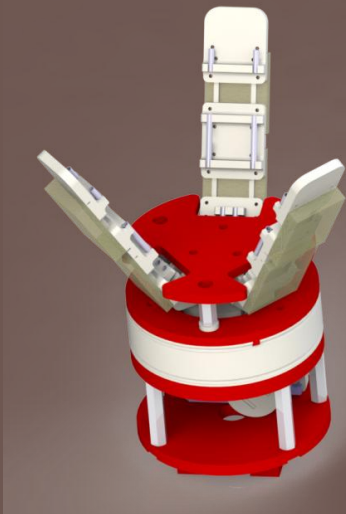
# 3D Printing as an Enabling Technology

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## The OpenBionics project

3D printing allows for

- Unlimited design iterations
- Per-case modifications



# Different Requirements for Different Needs

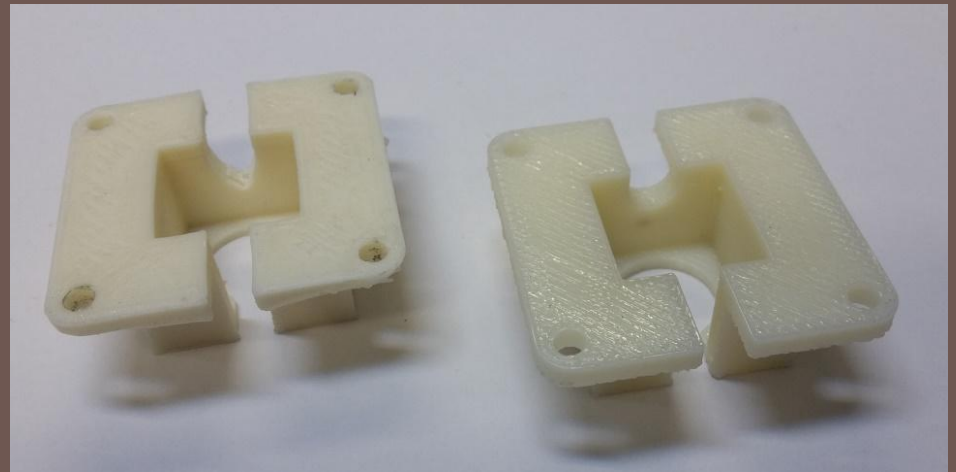
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## Prototyping Grade

- Printer needs to be fast
- Material needs to be cheap
- Workflow iterations need to be short
- Printer must be robust in the presence of untrained hands

## Production Grade

- Printer must produce model with low tolerances
- The result must be repeatable





# Systems Bioengineering Laboratory

A.Professor Leonidas Alexopoulos

## 3D Printing Applications in Bioengineering

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Dimitrios Tzeranis, Ph.D.  
Theocharis Iordanidis

# NTUA Systems Bioengineering Lab

## Multi-disciplinary Lab

- Biology & proteomics
- Device design
- Computation & algorithms

## Applications

- Drug discovery
- Basic biology research
- Tissue engineering & biomaterials
- Point-of-care devices





# Application 1: Portable Cell Microscope

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- Design a small microscope for monitoring cell growth
  - Student class project
- 3D-printed microscope frame
  - House optics and camera
  - Holds biological sample
  - Can be place in a cell incubator
- 3D-printing implementation
  - 3 components built by 3D printing, assembled using flextures



# Application 2: Closed-Circulation Air System

- Design a closed circulation air system, part of a custom incubator around a mechanical test device
- 3D-printed flanges & air circuit connectors
  - Reduce size and volume
  - Prevent air leakage
  - Ensure sterility





# Application 3: Molds for Elastomer Casting

- Molds for casting custom PDMS housings for cell culture systems
- 3D-printed mold components that result in elaborate PDMS components
  - Enable complex shapes
  - Optimize material use
  - Enable to conduct complex experiments



# Possible Future Applications of 3D Printing

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- **Complex-shaped mold components**
  - Elastomer fabrication, biomaterials, tissue engineering
- **Custom fluid handling components**
  - Luers, flanges
- **Components of cell-matrix culture systems**
  - Housings
- **Light-weight components for custom mechanical testing apparatus**



# Machine Design Laboratory

A.Professor V. Spitas

## Cases

Geometrical Prototypes – Innovative Face Gears

Prototype Tooling – Fibre Reinforced Polymers Apparatus

Design Validation & Kinematic Testing – Ashtray

Conceptual & Kinematic Demonstration – Screw Slurry Pump

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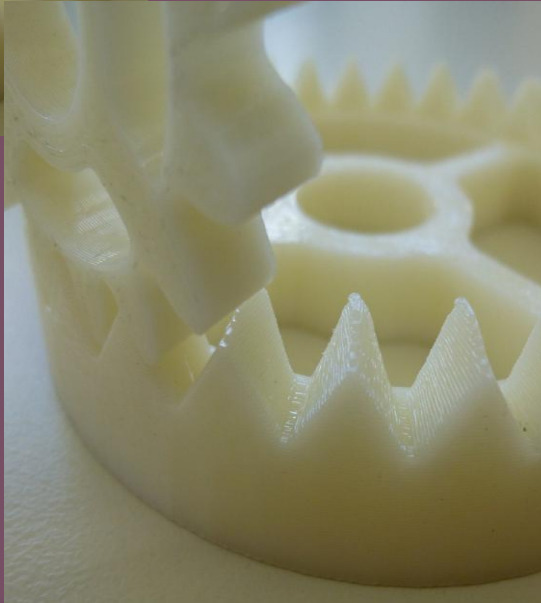
Cases presented by:

Mr. George Vasileiou

PhD Cand., Dipl. Mechanical Engineer

# Machine Design Lab, Case 1: Face Gears

Application Type: Geometrical Prototypes (Fortus 360)

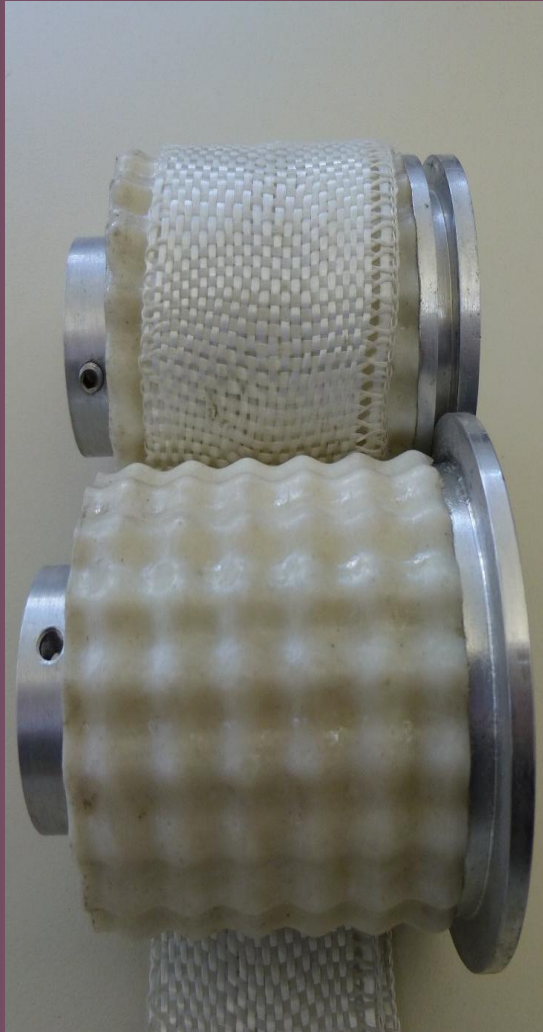


- Design of face gears to mesh with involute spur pinions
- Application of the Unified Theory of Gearing
- Produced prototype 1:1 scale
- Material: ABS Plastic
- Used as reference model for assessing the accuracy of Stratasys Fortus 360mc



# Machine Design Lab, Case 2: Co-rotating Tooth Rollers

Application Type: Prototype Tooling (uPrint)

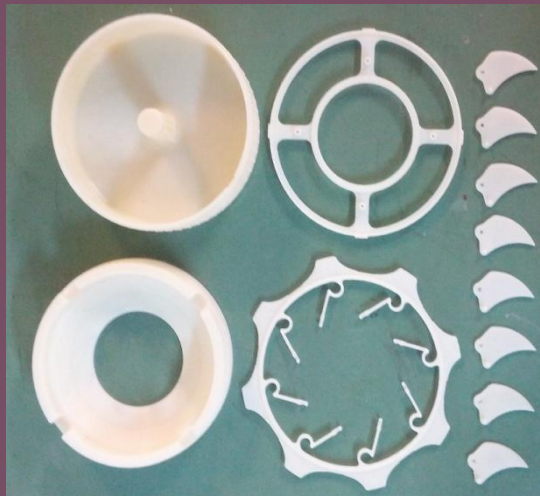
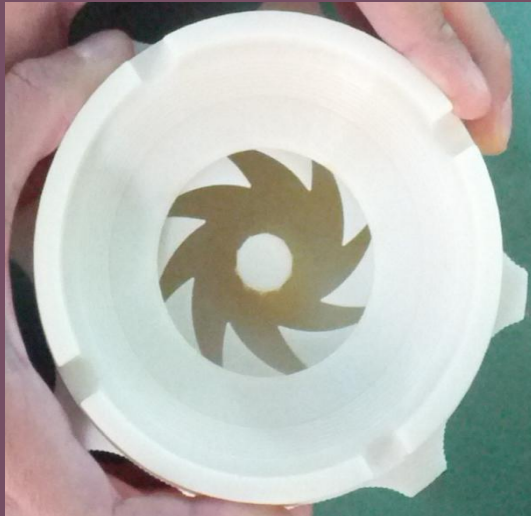


- Lab-scale apparatus for producing continuous Fibre-reinforced polymers (FRPs)
- Non-meshing tooth rollers using 3D Theory of Gearing
- Better resin penetration and overall performance of the FRP when compared to conventional rolling devices
- Material: ABS Plastic
- Small divergence from the nominal dimensions (verified using laser-scanning techniques)



# Machine Design Lab, Case 3: Ashtray

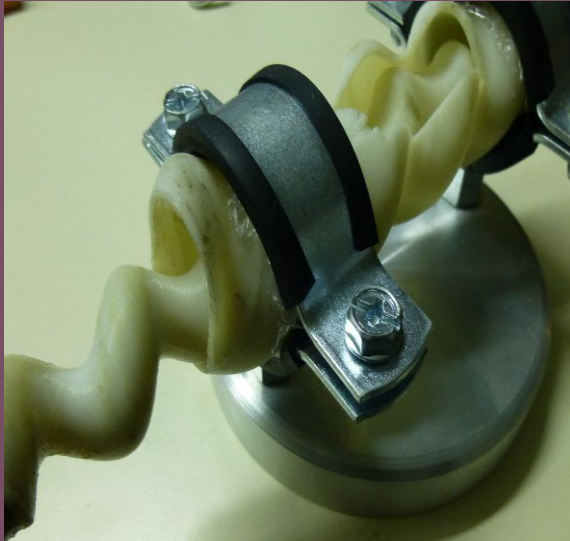
Application Type: Design Validation & Kinematic Testing



- Design of an innovative ashtray to remove ash and unpleasant odours
- Material: ABS Plastic
- Fully functional prototype including all moving parts
- Made with Fortus 360

# Machine Design Lab, Case 4: Flex.-stator Screw Slurry Pump

Application Type: Conceptual & Kinematic Demonstration



- Used for cement and water-based materials with maximum grain size of 10mm
- Innovative conical shape profile for easy declogging
- Prototype built for demonstration purposes
- Machine: uPrint
- Material: ABS Plastic



# Discussion

## FDM Pros and Benefits

- ✓ Very reliable equipment, both the **uPrint** series (small office/laboratory machines) and the **Fortus** (professional series)
- ✓ Robust Design, quality engineered & manufactured
- ✓ Industrial Grade Materials
- ✓ Durable, long-lasting models
- ✓ High repeatability & dimensional stability / acceptable accuracy
- ✓ Separate & Soluble Support material a major plus
- ✓ Volumetric material consumption
- ✓ Enable directly functional prototyping
- ✓ Network operation & control
- ✓ Continuous and reliable technical support (4<sup>th</sup> Dim. Tech.)

## FDM Cons and Difficulties

- ❖ High material cost per cc (estimated 0.44 - 0.51 € / cc)
- ❖ Fixed layer thickness per model-tip
- ❖ Humidity can affect raw materials in the long term if opened
- ❖ Machines need to stay on and hot = energy consumption
- ❖ Used bases, empty spools/canisters and EPROMs become unexploited resources as they accumulate
- ❖ Control over the build parameters is quite limited in the uPrint models



# Conclusions

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- ◉ FDM-based Additive Manufacturing / 3D Printing equipment has been an **invaluable tool** for the ME School's Mechanical Design & Control Systems Department the last 6 years
- ◉ uPrint and Fortus offer our students and researchers **design freedom, speed and potential**, unimaginable a few decades ago
- ◉ Our students **cultivate their creativity** early on in their studies, can **communicate their ideas** better and easily **test and share** them
- ◉ All of the School's **disciplines** can **effectively** be **combined** and **validated** on actual physical parts and prototype products
- ◉ The ME School is thus assisted by FDM in keeping its **teaching** and **research** in state-of-art, **high quality level**, especially in difficult times of deep, unprecedented economic recession for our country
- ◉ We already **transfer knowledge** and **benefits** from AM and FDM beyond the field of ME, into **other disciplines and sciences**



# Suggestions

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We would very much welcome from Stratasys, its group of partnering companies and sales network:

- A new/ improved pricing policy, especially for raw materials
- Essential and affordable (or even free) Machine Spec and Software upgrades for all existing/ installed machines (uPrint & Fortus), to boost their capabilities against modern competition
- “Unlocked” build parameters for uPrints / Fully unlocked Fortus (Small → Large / 400) for academic users
- An environmentally-conscious, active “take back” and customer reward policy for used materials and consumables, empty canisters, EPROMs etc., that could significantly help reduce their prices
- Bilateral Work & Research Partnerships on FDM-AM, materials and applications (e.g. 4D Printing, composites, elastomers, innovative applications)
- Factory student trainings and/or practicums
- Sponsorships of all kind!



# Thank you for your attention!

We'll be happy to answer your questions

Stamatios N. Polydoras, PhD  
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